

Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District 905 4th Avenue SE Albany, OR 97321 PH: 541-812-2600 www.lblesd.k12.or.us

### LINN BENTON LINCOLN EDUCATION SERVICE DISTRICT

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

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	PAGE <u>NUMBER</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Required Supplementary Information)	2
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES:	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government–Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	6 7
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	8
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	9
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	9
to the Statement of Net Position	10
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	11
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	12
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions	42
Schedule of the Changes in Total OPEB Liability - RHIA Schedule of Changes in Other Post Employment Benefit Liability	43 44
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual: General Fund Restricted Revenue Fund	45 47
Special Service Fund	49
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual: Capital Projects Fund	51

### LINN BENTON LINCOLN EDUCATION SERVICE DISTRICT

### TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

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	PAGE NUMBER
AUDITORS' REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS	52
GRANT COMPLIANCE REVIEW:	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Supplementary Information)	54
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and	g 55
Internal Control Over Compliance with the Uniform Guidance Schedule of Prior and Current Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs	57
Relative to Federal Awards and Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	59
OTHER INFORMATION:	
Information Required by Oregon Department of Education	61

### LINN BENTON LINCOLN EDUCATION SERVICE DISTRICT

Albany, Oregon

### PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

BOARD OF DI	<u>RECTORS</u>	TERM EXPIRES
Zone 1:	Heather Search	June 30, 2021
Zone 2:	Roger Irvin, Vice Chair	June 30, 2021
Zone 3:	Frank Bricker, Chair	June 30, 2021
Zone 4:	David Dowrie	June 30, 2021
Zone 5:	Terry Deacon	June 30, 2023
Zone 6:	Miriam Cummins	June 30, 2023
Zone 7:	David Dunsdon	June 30, 2023

### **ADMINISTRATION**

Tonja Everest, Superintendent Don Dorman, Assistant Superintendent Jackie Olsen, Chief Financial Officer

The Board members receive mail at the following address:

LBLESD

905 4<sup>th</sup> Avenue Southeast
Albany, Oregon 97321



October 29, 2020

To the Board of Directors Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison schedules presented as Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and in our opinion are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The supplementary and other information, as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CRF) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents and the schedule of expenditures of federal expenditures are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents and the schedule of federal expenditures, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information, as listed in the table of contents, and the board member listing, presented after the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2020 on our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated October 29, 2020, on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Kenneth Allen, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

# LINN BENTON LINCOLN EDUCATION SERVICE DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

As management of Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District (the District) we offer readers this discussion and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter included in the introductory section of this report and the District's Financial Statements, which follows this MD&A.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At June 30, 2020, the District's assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities by \$3.6 million (net position).
- The District's total net position decreased by \$3,470,527 for the fiscal year primarily due to the changes in the estimated net pension liability for GASB No. 68 and recognition of a Net Pension Liability of \$27.5 million, which is an increase from the prior year of \$25.2 million.
- The District has \$3.0 invested in capital assets, including capital assets not being depreciated.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The District's annual report consists of a series of financial statements that show information for the District as a whole, and its funds. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provides information about the activities of the District as a whole and presents a longer-term view of the District's finances. Our fund financial statements are included later in the financial report. For our governmental activities, these statements tell how we financed our services in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund statements may also give you some insights into the District's overall financial health. Fund financial statements report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the District's most significant fund, the general fund.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements present information on the District's finances in a manner similar to private sector businesses. One of the most important questions asked about the District is, "Is the District as a whole better off or worse off financially as a result of the year's activities". The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information on the District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position shows the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference between them reported as net position. All capital assets, long-term liabilities, and general government functions, are shown in the Statement of Net Position.

The Statement of Activities shows revenues, expenses, and the change in net assets for the District as a whole. Revenues and expenses attributable to specific functions are segregated from general revenues, to display the extent to which general revenues support each function.

Governmental funds account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The governmental fund reporting focuses on how money flows in and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using the accounting method called "modified accrual" accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

This information is essential for preparation of and compliance with annual budgets. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliations following the government statements. The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### **Condensed Statement of Net Position**

		2020	2019	Difference
Assets and Deferred Outflows				_
Current Assets	\$	25,851,727	\$ 23,901,593	\$ 1,950,134
Deferred Outflows		10,568,372	11,024,901	(456,529)
Capital Assets (net)		3,184,042	4,308,695	(1,124,653)
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows	_	39,604,141	39,235,189	 368,952
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows				
Current Liabilities		5,360,266	4,124,950	1,235,316
Net Pension Liability		28,393,265	25,235,265	3,158,000
Deferred Inflows	_	2,776,352	2,776,352	
Total Liabilities & Deferred Inflows	_	36,529,883	32,136,567	 4,393,316
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,184,042	4,308,695	(1,124,653)
Restricted for Various Purposes		1,577,100	1,624,269	(47,169)
Unrestricted	_	(1,133,047)	1,165,658	 32,611
Total Net Position	\$	3,628,095	\$ 7,098,622	\$ (3,470,527)

The District's net position decreased by \$3,470,527 during the current fiscal year as reflected above. The statement of activities information shown on the following page explains the change in net position.

### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Cont'd)**

The District's revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2019-2020, compared to the prior fiscal year, were as follows:

		2020		2019	Difference
Revenues					_
Charges for Servcies	\$	4,661,337	\$	2,335,980	\$ 2,325,357
Operating Grants		13,784,958		21,602,792	(7,817,834)
General Revenues					
Property Taxes		8,033,049		7,586,675	446,374
State Revenue Sharing		9,048,107		8,820,977	227,130
Miscellaneous	_	4,613,993	_,	913,220	 3,700,773
Total Revenues	_	40,141,444		41,259,644	 (1,118,200)
Expenses					
Instruction		9,783,172		10,143,869	(360,697)
Support Services		26,316,742		24,159,438	2,157,304
Other Uses		7,512,057		8,819,761	(1,307,704)
Total Expenditures	_	43,611,971	•	40,074,118	 3,537,853
Change in Net Position		(3,470,527)		(1,863,424)	(1,607,103)
Beginning Net Position	_	7,098,622	_	8,962,046	 (1,863,424)
Ending Net Position	\$_	3,628,095	\$	7,098,622	\$ (3,470,527)

#### **FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Unreserved fund balance measures the District's net resources available for appropriation in the next fiscal year. As of June 30, 2020, total fund balance of the governmental funds was \$20,393,341. These amounts are available to use, in accordance with applicable restrictions on the nature of the expenditures.

The total fund balance is allocated among four separate funds and in all but the general fund; the balances are further divided within the fund to provide for specific programs and functions. The general fund is established primarily to receive State School Fund distributions and provide "Resolution Services" for component school districts and general operations.

#### FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Cont'd)

Summary of ending fund balances for the major governmental funds for 2019 and 2020 are as follows:

**Ending Fund Balance** 

	2020	 2019	 Change
General Fund	\$ 7,930,205	\$ 8,015,788	\$ (85,583)
Capital Projects Fund	1,722,510	1,563,749	158,761
Special Revenue Fund	3,930,910	3,989,217	(58,307)
Special Service Fund	6,809,716	 6,100,607	 709,109
	\$ 20,393,341	\$ 19,669,361	\$ 723,980

The general fund balance decreased by \$85,583. Of the general fund ending fund balance, \$1,770,115 is reserved for future resolution expenditures, an increase from \$1,704,411 in 2018-19. The capital projects fund provides for capital improvements and expansion. The special revenue fund primarily receives grant revenues for specific programs. The special service fund primarily receives contracted revenues to provide for services contracted by component and non-component school districts.

### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At June 30, 2020 the District had \$3,184,042 invested in broad range of capital assets, including land, building, equipment and intangible assets including the District's investment in the Student Information System software and website. Additions to fixed assets in 2019-2020 were to replace and upgrade various network and equipment items as well as upgrades to facilities including upgrades the HVAC units and improvements to conference room spaces.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND THE 2020-2021 BUDGET**

The budget for 2020-2021 has total appropriations of \$73,629,793. Operating resources and uses are expected to be similar to the current year. The District's finances are significantly impacted by the economic conditions in the State of Oregon and the State's General Fund Budget. The current economic forecast in Oregon indicates future decreases in revenue due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The District will continue to identify efficiencies and cost saving measures while monitoring the ever changing economic climate to insure continued support to our component school districts and the students we collectively serve.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

Our financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers, parents, teachers, students, investors and creditors with an overview of the District's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any clarification of information please contact the Business Services Department at the Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District, our address is: 905 4<sup>th</sup> Avenue Southeast, Albany, Oregon 97321.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

ACCEPTE		
ASSETS Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	22,167,949
Receivables	Ψ	3,677,397
Prepaid Expense		6,381
Capital assets, not being depreciated		177,840
Capital assets being depreciated, net		3,006,202
Total Assets		29,035,769
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Oregon Pension Deferred Outlfows		10,427,898
Implicit Subsidy Deferred Outflows		81,257
Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) Related Deferred Outflows		59,217
Total Deferred Outflows		10,568,372
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows		39,604,141
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		1,570,637
Accrued Payroll, Taxes, and Employee Withholdings		2,075,997
Unearned Revenue		1,450,378
Long-term liabilities		
Due within one year:		
Vested Compensated Absences		263,254
Due in more than one year:		
Other Post Employment Benefits		589,492
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability		27,573,140
Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) Liability		230,633
Total Liabilities		33,753,531
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Oregon Pension Deferred Infows		2,172,892
Implicit Subsidy Deferred Inflows		3,752
Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) Related Deferred Inflows		45,871
Total Deferred Inflows		2,222,515
Total Liabilities and Deferred Outflows		35,976,046
Invested in Capital Assets		3,184,042
Restricted		1,577,100
Unrestricted		(1,133,047)
Total Net Position	\$	3,628,095

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

				PROGR	NE	T (EVDENGE)		
FUNCTIONS	EXPENSES			CHARGES FOR SERVICES		ATING GRANTS CONTRIBUTIONS	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	
Instruction	\$	9,783,172	\$	1,263,235	\$	3,735,760	\$	(4,784,177)
Support Services		26,316,742		3,398,102		10,049,198		(12,869,442)
Other uses		7,512,057		_		<u>-</u>		(7,512,057)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	43,611,971	\$	4,661,337	\$	13,784,958	\$	(25,165,676)
	Ta	eral Revenues axes: Property Taxes, I State Revenue Sh evenues Not Restr	aring		-			8,033,049 9,048,107
	т.,	Intermediate	, F					70,133
		rest and Investmer cellaneous	n Earn	ings				434,422 4,057,858
		dicaid						51,580
	Tota	al General Revenu	es					21,695,149
	Cha	nges in Net Position	on					(3,470,527)
	Net	Position - Beginn	ing of Y	Year				7,098,622
	Net	Position - Ending					\$	3,628,095

# $\begin{array}{c} \text{BALANCE SHEET-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS} \\ \text{June 30, 2020} \end{array}$

	GENERAL FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS:				
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,021,928	\$	1,722,510
Property Taxes and other Receivables	Ψ	372,596	Ψ	-
Due from Other Funds		· -		-
Prepaid		6,381		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$	10,400,905	\$	1,722,510
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$	33,329	\$	-
Accrued Payroll, Taxes, and Employee Withholdings		2,075,997		-
Due to Other Funds		-		-
Unearned Revenue			-	
Total Liabilities		2,109,326		
Deferred Inflows:				
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue		361,374		
Total Deferred Inflows		361,374		
Fund Balances (Deficit):				
Nonspendable		260		-
Restricted		1,165,755		-
Committed		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Assigned		1,770,115		1,722,510
Unassigned		4,994,075		
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		7,930,205		1,722,510
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	10,400,905	\$	1,722,510

RESTRICTED REVENUE FUND		REVENUE SERVICE				
\$	3,331,236 3,203,707	\$	7,092,275 101,094 -	\$	22,167,949 3,677,397 0 6,381	
\$	6,534,943	\$	7,193,369	\$	25,851,727	
\$	1,153,655 - - 1,450,378	\$	383,653	\$	1,570,637 2,075,997 0 1,450,378	
	2,604,033		383,653		5,097,012	
					361,374 361,374	
_	411,345 2,829,893 689,672 3,930,910		2,877,306 3,932,410 - 6,809,716		260 1,577,100 5,707,199 8,114,707 4,994,075 20,393,341	
\$	6,534,943	\$	7,193,369	\$	25,851,727	

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES:	 GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		
Taxes	\$ 8,025,388	\$	-	
Federal Sources	-		-	
State and Local Sources	42,882		12,019	
State Revenue Sharing	9,048,107		-	
Charges for Services	1,733,632		-	
Earnings from Investments	434,422		-	
Intermediate Sources	-		-	
Medicaid	-		-	
Miscellaneous	 38,608			
Total Revenues	 19,323,039		12,019	
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Instruction	233,113		-	
Support Services	12,493,088			
<b>Building Acquisition Construction &amp; Improvement</b>	-		124,318	
Capital Outlay	 12,068		159,210	
Total Expenditures	 12,738,269		283,528	
Revenues over (under) Expenditures	 6,584,770		(271,509)	
Other Financing Sources, (uses):				
Transfers In	-		430,270	
Transfers Out	(5,452,785)		-	
Transits	(1,299,999)		-	
Sale of or Compensation for Loss of Fixed Assets	 82,431		-	
Total other Financing Sources (uses)	 (6,670,353)		430,270	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(85,583)		158,761	
Beginning Fund Balance	 8,015,788		1,563,749	
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 7,930,205	\$	1,722,510	

RESTRICT REVENU FUND			SPECIAL SERVICE FUND		TOTALS
\$	_	\$	-	\$	8,025,388
	2,853,698	*	-	*	2,853,698
	0,263,707		612,652		10,931,260
	-		-		9,048,107
	-		2,927,705		4,661,337
	-		-		434,422
	69,633		500		70,133
	-		51,580		51,580
	3,536,819		400,000		3,975,427
1	6,723,857		3,992,437		40,051,352
	8,320,360		6,748		8,560,221
	2,534,821		7,999,095		23,027,004
	-		-		124,318
	139,243		-		310,521
1	0,994,424		8,005,843		32,022,064
	5,729,433		(4,013,406)		8,029,288
	200.000		4 722 515		5 452 705
	300,000		4,722,515		5,452,785 (5,452,785)
(	6,087,740)		-		(7,387,739)
			<u> </u>		82,431
	5,787,740)		4,722,515		(7,305,308)
	(58,307)		709,109		723,980
	3,989,217		6,100,607		19,669,361
\$	3,930,910	\$	6,809,716	\$	20,393,341

#### Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds			\$	20,393,341
The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture and equipment) purchased or constructed is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The Statement of Net Assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.				
Net Capital Assets				3,184,042
Deferred Inflows and Outflows related to the Net Pension Liability OPEB and RHIA liability are a governmental funds. They represent a consumption of net position that will not be recognized until future periods	ot repo	orted in the		
Deferred Outflow Deferred Inflow	\$	10,568,372 (2,222,515)	<u>.</u>	8,345,857
Deferred Revenue Related to Property Taxes				361,374
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position.				
Vested Compensated Absences Other Post Employment Benefits Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) Liability Total Adjustment for Long-Term Liabilities	\$	(263,254) (589,492) (27,573,140) (230,633)	) )	(28,656,519)
Total Net Position			\$	3,628,095

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	723,980
Repayment of bond principal, capital leases and post retirement obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Additions to bond principal, capital leases and post retirement obligations add an expense for the Statement of Net Position but not the governmental funds.  Vested Compensated Absences	(16,823)	(16,823)
Capital Outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlay.		
Other Capitalized Expenses	\$ 484,944	
Depreciation and Amortization Expense Total Adjustment for Fixed Assets	(1,609,597)	(1,124,653)
Pension Liability represents the changes in Net Pension Liability from year to year due to changes in total pension liability and the fair value of pension plan net position available to pay pension benefits		(2,811,844)
The OPEB Expense and the changes in deferred inflows and outlfows related to the OPEB Liability represents the changes in the OPEB Liability from year to year due to changes in total OPEB liability		(31,561)
The RHIA Expense and the changes in deferred inflows and outlfows related to the RHIA Liability represents the changes in the RHIA Liability from year to year due to changes in total RHIA liability		(217,287)
Deferred property tax adjustment for the current year created a revenue in the Statement of Activities.	_	7,661
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	(3,470,527)

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District (the District) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member Board of Directors. The Board approves administration officials. The daily functioning of the District is under the supervision of the Superintendent-Clerk. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, all activities of the District have been included in these basic financial statements.

The District qualifies as a primary government since it has a separately elected governing body, is a legally separate entity, and is fiscally independent. There are various governmental agencies and special service districts, which provide services within the District's boundaries. However, the District is not financially accountable for any of these entities, and therefore, none of them are considered component units or included in these basic financial statements.

#### B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and Statements of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the GWFS.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities was prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

Program Revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District's general revenues.

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Interest of general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfold activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum numbers of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES**

Governmental funds are used to account for the District's general government activities. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenue and proceeds from sale of property are not considered available and, therefore, are not recognized until received. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, interfund transactions, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized as expenditures because they will be liquidated with expendable financial resources.

Revenues susceptible to accrual are interest, state, county and local shared revenue and federal and state grants. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

#### **GENERAL FUND**

This fund accounts for the financial operations of the District not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes and distributions from the State of Oregon. Expenditures in the fund are made for instructional purposes and related support services.

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

This fund is used to account for resources set aside for the purpose of capital improvements and major equipment replacement. The principal revenue source is operating transfers from the General Fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

#### RESTRICTED REVENUE FUND

The Restricted Revenue Fund accounts for revenue and expenditures restricted for specific educational projects or programs. Principal revenue sources are federal grants, and fees from districts for services provided to them. These funds include Unemployment Compensation Fund, State and Federal Grants Fund and Other Grants and Projects Fund.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### SPECIAL SERVICE FUND

The Special Service Fund accounts for revenue and expenditures for specific services rendered. The principal resource is fees from districts for services provided to them. Internal services have been deleted to avoid double reporting of revenues and expenditures consistent with the provisions of GASB 34.

#### ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

#### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For financial reporting purposes, the District considers all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### PROPERTY TAXES

Uncollected real and personal property taxes are reflected on the statement of net assets and the balance sheet as receivables. Uncollected taxes are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens, therefore no allowance for uncollectible taxes has been established. All property taxes receivable are due from property owners within the District.

Under state law, county governments are responsible for extending authorized property tax levies, computing tax rates, billing and collecting all property taxes, and making periodic distributions of collections to entities levying taxes. Property taxes become a lien against the property when levied on July 1 of each year and are payable in three installments due on November 15, February 15 and May 15. Property tax collections are distributed monthly except for November, when such distributions are made weekly.

#### **GRANTS**

Unreimbursed expenditures due from grantor agencies are reflected in the basic fmancial statements as receivables and revenues. Grant revenues are recorded at the time eligible expenditures are incurred. Cash received from grantor agencies in excess of related grant expenditures is recorded as a liability in the balance sheet and statement of net position.

### **INVENTORIES**

The District does not consider supply inventories to be material and does not record them as an asset on the balance sheet. Supplies are expensed immediately when they are purchased.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment and construction in progress, are reported in the government wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated Capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Depreciation is recorded on Capital assets using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements 15-150 years
Improvements Other Than Building 5-15 years
Equipment 3-15 years
Vehicles 8 years
Intangible Assets 9 years

#### COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued in the government wide statements. A liability is accrued in the governmental funds because the District expects that vacation pay will be liquidated with expendable available resources.

#### LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### FUND EQUITY

In March 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications of reserved, designated, and unreserved/undesignated were replaced with five new classifications - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- <u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> represents amounts that are not in a spendable form. The nonspendable fund balance represents prepaid items.
- Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation).
- <u>Committed fund balance</u> represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by resolution.
- Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by an official to whom that authority has been given by the governing body. The board has granted the Superintendent and/or Chief Financial Officer the authority to assign fund balances.
- <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report any negative residual fund balance as unassigned.

The governing body has approved the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: Restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and unassigned.

#### **NET POSITION**

Net position comprises the various net earnings from operations, non-operating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net position is classified in the following three categories.

Invested in capital assets - consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Restricted - consists of external constraints placed on net asset use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### NET POSITION (continued)

Unrestricted - consists of all other net position items that are not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

#### NET POSITION FLOW ASSUMPTION

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which resources are considered applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

#### **ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### DEFERRED OUTFLOW/INFLOW OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The ESD has two types of items that qualify for this category. Accordingly, the items, which reclassify PERS employer contributions and implicit subsidy for retiree health benefits from expense to deferred outflows, is reported only on the Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflow of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The ESD has only one type of item, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting, which qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues for property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The government wide statement of net position has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: Oregon Pension Deferred Inflows and Implicit Subsidy Deferred Inflows.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **RETIREMENT PLANS**

Substantially all of the District's employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. GASB Statements 68 and 71 were implemented as of July 1, 2014.

#### FAIR VALUE INPUTS, METHODOLOGIES AND HIERARCHY

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based up on the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

Level 1 - unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access

Level 2 - other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market-corroborated inputs)

Level 3 - unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each Fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments)

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each governmental fund type on the modified accrual basis of accounting in the main program categories required by the Oregon Local Budget Law. The budgets for all budgeted funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except that capital outlay expenditures, including items below the District's capitalization level, are budgeted by function in the governmental fund types.

The District begins its budgeting process by appointing Budget Committee members in early fall. Budget recommendations are developed by management through spring, with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the budget document in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in May or June, and the hearing is held in June. The budget is adopted, appropriations are made and the tax levy is declared no later than June 30. Expenditure budgets are appropriated at the major function level (instruction, support services, community services, debt service, contingency, and transfers) for each fund. Expenditure appropriations may not legally be over expended, except in the case of grant receipts, which could not be reasonably estimated at the time, the budget was adopted.

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriation resolution. Supplemental budgets less than 10% of the fund's original budget may be adopted by the Board of Directors at a regular meeting. A supplemental budget greater than 10% of the fund's original budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers and approval by the Board. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control (major function levels). Such transfers require approval by the Board.

Budget amounts shown in the basic financial statements include the original budget amounts and the final budget appropriations approved by the Board. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations.

### 3. BUDGET/GAAP REPORTING DIFFERENCES

While the District reports financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance/net position on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the District's budgetary basis of accounting differs from generally accepted accounting principles. The budgetary statements provided as part of supplementary information elsewhere in this report are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The primary difference between the District's budgetary basis and GAAP basis is the classification of capital outlay, which for budgetary purposes is reported within the functional categories at the level of appropriation control. On a GAAP basis capital outlay is separately reported after current expenditures.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Statutes authorize the District to invest in banker's acceptances, time certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, and the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. According to District Procedures State statutes govern the District's cash management policies.

#### **Investments**

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund appears to be in compliance with all portfolio guidelines at June 30, 2020. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. We intend to measure these investments at book value since it approximates fair value. The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. These investments are characterized as a level 2 fair value measurement in the Oregon Short Term Fund's audited financial report. As of June 30, 2020, the fair value of the position in the LGIP is 100.88% of the value of the pool shares as reported in the Oregon Short Term Fund audited financial statements. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized.

Cash and Investments at June 30, 2020 (recorded at fair value) consisted of:

Deposits with Financial Institutions:

 Demand Deposits
 \$ 1,892,177

 Investments
 20,275,772

 Total
 \$ 22,167,949

The District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in months)						
Investment Type:	Fair	Value	Less	than 3	3-18		More t	than 18
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	\$	20,275,772	\$	20,275,772	\$	<b>(3</b> )	\$	
Total	\$	20,275,772	\$	20,275,772	\$	<b>9</b> 7	\$	<u> </u>

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### Interest Rate Risk

Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy that was submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. The District does not have any investments that exceed an 18 month maturity.

#### Credit Risk

Oregon Revised Statutes does not limit investments as to credit rating for securities purchased from US Government Agencies or USGSE. The State Investment Pool is not rated.

Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits. Oregon Revised Statutes require deposits to be adequately covered by federal depository insurance or deposited at an approved depository as identified by the Treasury.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

In the case of deposits, there is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2020, the District had \$2,033,358 of deposits in accounts insured by the FDIC. The entire balance is covered by FDIC insurance and the remainder is collateralized by the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program.

#### 5. GRANTS RECEIVABLE

Special revenue fund grants receivable are comprised of claims for reimbursement of costs under various federal and state grant programs.

#### 6. CAPITALASSETS

The changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	BEGINN	IING				ENDING
	BALAN	<b>ICE</b>	ADWS1MENTS	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE
Fixed Assets						
Land (Non-Depreciable)	\$ 1	77,840	-	-	-	\$ 177,840
Buildings & Improvements	2,83	53,187	-	19,783	6,224	2,866,746
Equipment and Vehicles	3,1	18,824	-	290,738	-	3,409,562
Intangibles	12,42	23,234	-	174,422	-	12,597,656
Total	18,5	73,085		484,944	6,224	19,051,805
Accumulated Depreciation						
Buildings & Improvements	40	53,388	(4,433)	223,426	6,224	676,157
Equipment & Vehicles	2,30	07,401	-	70,933	-	2,378,334
Intangibles	11,49	93,601	-	1,319,671		12,813,272
Total	14,20	54,390	(4,433)	1,614,030	6,224	15,867,763
<b>Total Net Capital Assets</b>	\$ 4,30	08,695				\$ 3,184,042

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 was allocated to the functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 437,406
Support Services	 1,176,624
Total Depreciation	\$ 1,614,030_

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for any of the past three years.

#### 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2019-CAFR.pdf

If the link is expired please contact Oregon PERS for this information.

- a. **PERS Pension (Chapter 238).** The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
  - i. Pension Benefits. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results. A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier 1 general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier 2 members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

- 11. **Death Benefits.** Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following contributions are met:
  - member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
  - member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
  - member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
  - member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
- iii. **Disability Benefits.** A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
- iv. **Benefit Changes After Retirement.** Members may choose to continue participation in their variable account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the fair value of the underlying global equity investments of that account. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes (COLA). The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.
- b. **OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB).** The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
  - i. **Pension Benefits.** This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

*Police and fire*: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average sal<sub>ary</sub>. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average sal<sub>ary</sub>. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

- ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached 70½ years.
- iii. **Disability Benefits.** A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Contributions – PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2019. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$4,032,928, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. In addition approximately \$796,060 in employee contributions were paid or picked up by the District in fiscal 2020. At June 30, 2020, the District reported a net pension liability of \$27,573,140 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District's proportion was .16 percent and .16 percent, respectively. Pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$2,811,844.

The rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2020 were:

- (1) Tier 1/Tier 2 32.03%
- (2) OPSRP general services 26.58%

	Deferred Outflow		Def	erred Inflow
		of Resources	of	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	1,520,577	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		3,740,611		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		781,671
Net changes in proportionate share		92,279		1,388,097
Differences between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		1,041,503		3,124
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below)		6,394,970		2,172,892
Employer contributions subsequent to measuring dat	e	4,032,928		
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	10,427,898	\$	2,172,892

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount		
2021	\$ 2,425,66		
2022		175,016	
2023		890,607	
2024		683,392	
2025		47,402	
Thereafter		-	
Total	\$	4,222,078	

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS system-wide GASB 68 reporting summary dated March 4, 2020. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at:

#### https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2019-CAFR.pdf

<u>Actuarial Valuations</u> – The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:**

Valuation date	December 31, 2017
Experience Study Report	2016, Published July 26, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered amortization bases over a closed period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over 20 years and OPSRP pension UAL is amortized over 16 years
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation rate	2.50 percent
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent
Discount rate	7.20 percent
Projected salary increase	3.50 percent
Cost of Living Adjustment	Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with <i>Moro</i> decision, blend based on service
	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
Mortality	RP-2014 Health annuitant, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active members: RP-2014 Employees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees: RP-2014 Disabled retirees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2016 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2016.

#### **Assumed Asset Allocation:**

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	32.5%	42.5%	37.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%
Alternative Investments	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Total			100.0%

(Source: June 30, 2019 PERS CAFR; p. 100)

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:**

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2017 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Target	Compound Annual
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric) Return
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	3.49%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00%	3.38%
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.00%	5.09%
High Yield Bonds	1.00%	6.45%
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75%	6.30%
Small Cap US Equities	1.31%	6.69%
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31%	6.80%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13%	6.71%
Emerging Market Equities	4.13%	7.45%
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88%	7.01%
Private Equity	17.50%	7.82%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	5.51%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.37%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50%	4.09%
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.63%	5.86%
Timber	1.88%	5.62%
Farmland	1.88%	6.15%
Infrastructure	3.75%	6.60%
Commodities	1.88%	3.84%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.50%

(Source: June 30, 2019 PERS CAFR; p. 74

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019 and 2018 was 7.20 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.20%)	(7.20%)	(8.20%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 44,155,938	\$ 27,573,140	\$ 13,695,623

## **Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date**

As described above, GASB 67 and GASB 68 require the Total Pension Liability to be determined based on the benefit terms in effect at the Measurement Date. Any changes to benefit terms that occurs after that date are reflected in amounts reported for the subsequent Measurement Date. However, Paragraph 80f of GASB 68 requires employers to briefly describe any changes between the Measurement Date and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's share of the collective Net Pension Liability, along with an estimate of the resulting change, if available.

There are no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2019 Measurement Date that meet this requirement and thus would require a brief description under the GASB standard.

# **Deferred Compensation Plan**

A deferred compensation plan is available to employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the District for amounts earned by them to not be paid until a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are: termination by reason of resignation, death, disability, or retirement; unforeseeable emergency; or by requesting a de minimis distribution from inactive accounts valued less than \$5,000. Payment to the employee will be made over a period not to exceed 15 years. The deferred compensation plan is one which is authorized under IRC Section 457 and has been approved in its specifics by a private ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. The assets of the plan are held by the administrator for the sole benefit of the plan participants and are not considered assets or liabilities of the District.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

## **OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)**

## Plan Description:

Employees of the District are provided with pensions through OPERS. All the benefits of OPERS are established by the Oregon legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Chapter 238A created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), which consists of the Defined Benefit Pension Program and the Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of OPERS, and is administered by the OPERS Board.

## Pension Benefits:

Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participate in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

# Death Benefits:

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

#### Contributions:

Employees of the District pay six (6) percent of their covered payroll. The District's contributions to member IAP accounts for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$796,060.

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO Box 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Pages/GASB.aspx

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **Retirement Health Insurance Account**

# Plan Description:

As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the District contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

# **Funding Policy:**

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 dollars or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 dollars shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in an OPERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating districts are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, and the District currently contributes 0.53% of annual covered OPERF payroll and 0.45% of OPSRP payroll under a contractual requirement in effect until June 30, 2020. Consistent with GASB Statement 75, the OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rates as a measure of the proportionate relationship of the employer to all employers consistent with the manner in which contributions to the OPEB plan are determined. The basis for the employer's portion is determined by comparing the employer's actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year to the plan with the total actual contributions made in the fiscal year of all employers. The District's contributions to RHIA for the years ended June 30, 2018, 2019 and 2020 were \$57,075, \$59,154 and \$59,217, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a net OPEB liability/(asset) of \$230,633 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset). The OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability/(asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. Consistent with GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 59(a), the District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset) is determined by comparing the employer's actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year to the Plan with the total actual contributions made in the fiscal year of all employers.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

As of the measurement date of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the District's proportion was .12 percent and .12 percent, respectively. OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$30,557.

# **Components of OPEB Expense/(Income):**

Employer's proportionate share of collective system OPEB Expense/(Income)	\$ (29,995)
Net amortization of employer-specific deferred amounts from:	
- Changes in proportionate share (per paragraph 64 of GASB 75)	(562)
- Differences between employer contributions and employer's proportionate	
share of system contributions (per paragraph 65 of GASB 75)	
Employer's Total OPEB Expense/(Income)	\$ (30,557)

# **Components of Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:**

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -		\$	30,414
Changes in assumptions	-			239
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	-			14,236
Net changes in proportionate share	-			982
Differences between District contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions				
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below)	-			45,871
District contributions subsequent to measuring date	59,217			-
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	59,217	\$	45,871

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/(asset) in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	 Amount
2021	\$ (23,607)
2022	(21,058)
2023	(2,672)
2024	1,466
2025	-
Thereafter	 
Total	\$ (45,871)

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plan Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer report, as of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2019. That independently audited report was dated February 24, 2020 and can be found at:

 $\frac{https://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Documents/GASB/2019/PERS\%20GASB\%2075\%20RHIA\%20Report\%20FY\%206.30.19.pdf}{}$ 

## **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:**

Valuation Date	December 31, 2017			
Experience Study Report	2016, Published July 26, 2017			
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal			
Inflation rate	2.50 percent			
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent			
Discount rate	7.20 percent			
Projected salary increase	3.50 percent			
Retiree healthcare	Healthy retirees: 35%; Disabled retirees: 20%			
participation	Treating Tetrices. 3376, Disabled Tetrices. 2076			
	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:			
	RP-2014 Healthy annuitant, sex-distinct, generational with			
	Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments			
	and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active members:			
RP-2014 Employees, sex-distinct, generational with Uni				
	Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-			
	backs as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees: RP-			
	2014 Disabled retirees, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex,			
Mortality	Social Security Data Scale.			

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2016 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2016.

#### **Discount Rate:**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2019 and 2018 was 7.20 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the RHIA plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments for the RHIA plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:**

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2017 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

	Target	Compound Annual
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric) Return
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	3.49%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00%	3.38%
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.00%	5.09%
High Yield Bonds	1.00%	6.45%
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75%	6.30%
Small Cap US Equities	1.31%	6.69%
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31%	6.80%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13%	6.71%
Emerging Market Equities	4.13%	7.45%
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88%	7.01%
Private Equity	17.50%	7.82%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	5.51%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.37%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50%	4.09%
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.63%	5.86%
Timber	1.88%	5.62%
Farmland	1.88%	6.15%
Infrastructure	3.75%	6.60%
Commodities	1.88%	3.84%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.50%

(Source: June 30, 2019 PERS CAFR; p. 74)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate — The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-perentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate.

		1%	]	Discount	1%
	$\Gamma$	Decrease		Rate	Increase
		(6.20%)		(7.20%)	(8.20%)
District's proportionate share of					
the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	178,800	\$	230,633	\$ 274,798

# **Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date**

There are no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2019 Measurement Date that meet this requirement and thus would require a brief description under the GASB standard.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 9. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (GASB 75)

# Plan Description

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan that covers both active and retired participants. The plan provides post-retirement healthcare benefits for eligible retirees and their dependents through the City's group health insurance plans. The City's post-retirement plan was established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303 which states, in part, that for the purposes of establishing healthcare premiums, the calculated rate must be based on the cost of all plan members, including both active employees and retirees. Because claim costs are generally higher for retiree groups than for active members, the premium amount does not represent the full cost of coverage for retirees. The resulting additional cost, or implicit subsidy, is required to be valued under GASB Statement 75 related to Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective. The valuation date was July 1, 2019 and the measurement date was June 30, 2020.

## **Funding Policy**

The City has not established a trust fund to finance the cost of post-employment health care benefits related to implicit rate subsidies. Premiums are paid by retirees based on the rates established for active employees. Additional costs related to an implicit subsidy are paid by the City on a pay-as-you-go basis. There is no obligation on the part of the City to fund these benefits in advance. The City considered the liability to be solely the responsibility of the City as a whole and it is allocated to the governmental statements.

## **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The City engaged an actuary to perform a valuation as of July 1, 2019 using the Entry Age Normal, level percent of salary Actuarial Cost Method. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 healthy white collar male and female mortality tables, set back one year for males. Mortality is projected on a generational basis using Scale BB for males and females. Demographic assumptions regarding retirement, mortality, and turnover are based on Oregon PERS valuation assumptions as of December 31, 2017. Election rate and lapse assumptions are based on experience implied by valuation data for this and other Oregon public employers.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 9. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (GASB 75) – (Continued)

Health Care Cost Trend Medical and vision:

General Inflation

Mortality

Disability Withdrawal

Retirement

Annual Pay Increases

·	iviculcai and	VISIOII.
	Year	Pre-65 Trend
	2018	6.75%
	2019	7.00%
	2020	5.50%
	2021-2025	5.00%
	2026-2029	4.75%
	2030-2033	5.00%
	2034	5.25%
	2035	5.75%
	2036-2038	6.00%
	2039-2045	5.75%
	2046-2050	5.50%
	2051-2061	5.25%
	2062-2065	5.00%
	2066+	4.75%
	Dental: 4.50	% per year
	Health care	cost trend affects both the projected health
	care costs as	well as the projected health care premiums.
	2.50% per ye	ear, used to develop other economic
	assumptions	•
	3.50% per ye	ear, based on general inflation and the
	likelihood of	raises throughout participants' careers
	RP-2014 He	althy Annuitant, sex distinct mortality tables
	blended 50/5	0 blue collar and white collar, set back one
	year for make	es. Mortality is projected on a generational
	basis using th	ne Unisex Social Security Data Scale.
	Not used	
	Based on Or	egon PERS assumptions. Annual rates are
	based on em	ployment classification, gender, and duration
	from hire dat	te.

Based on Oregon PERS assumptions. Annual rates are based on age, Tier/OPSRP, duration of service, and

employment classification.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 9. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (GASB 75) – (Continued)

#### Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

Total OPEB Liability at June 30, 2019	\$ 577,307
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	52,992
Interest	20,979
Changes in benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	=
Changes of assumptions or other input	-
Benefit payments	(61,786)
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$ 589,492

# Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Trend Rates

The following analysis presents the net OPEB liability using a discount rate of 3.5%, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.5%) or one percentage point higher (4.5%) than the current rate, a similar sensitivity analysis is presented for the changes in the healthcare trend assumption:

		1% Current		Current			1%
	$\Gamma$	ecrease		Discount Rate		Increase	
		2.50%	_	3.50%		4.50%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	623,257	-	\$ 589,492		\$	557,399
		1%			Current		1%
	Decrease		Trend Rate		I	ncrease	
	_H	ealthcare		Healthcare		H	ealthcare
Total OPEB Liability	\$	534,979	-	\$	589,492	\$	652,686

## Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Benefits

The City reports information on deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources at year end as well as a schedule of amounts of those deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that will be recognized in other post-employment benefit expense for the following five years.

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of		
	Re	sources	Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	3,752	
Changes in assumptions or other input		-		-	
Benefit Payments		81,257			
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	81,257	\$	3,752	

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 9. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (GASB 75) – (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount		
2021	\$	19,376	
2022		19,376	
2023		19,376	
2024		19,376	
2025		-	
Thereafter		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	77,504	

#### 10. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund transactions are used to finance operations between the funds. Amounts are comprised of the following at June 30, 2020:

Fund	 Transfers In	Tr	ansfers Out
General	\$ -	\$	5,452,785
Capital Projects	430,270		_
Restricted Revenue	300,000		_
Special Services	4,722,515		_
	\$ 5,452,785	\$	5,452,785

# 11. PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS

The State of Oregon imposes a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and nonschool government operations. School operations include community colleges, local school districts, and education service districts. The limitation provides that property taxes for school operations are limited to \$5.00 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt. The result of this requirement has been that school districts have become more dependent upon state funding and less dependent upon property tax revenues as their major source of operating revenue.

The State further reduced property taxes by replacing the previous constitutional limits on tax bases with a rate and value limit in 1997. This reduction is accomplished by rolling property values back to their 1995-96 values less 10% and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempted from the reductions. The State Constitution sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax and many fee increases and new bond issues, and requires the State to minimize the impact to school districts from the impact of the tax cuts.

## NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 12. FUND BALANCE CONSTRAINTS

The specific purposes for each of the categories of fund balance as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Fund Balances:	General Fund	Captial Projects Fund	Restricted Revenue Fund	Special Service Fund	 Total
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid Expense	\$ 260	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 260
Restricted:					
Grants and Contracts	-	-	411,345	-	411,345
Future Health Insurance Premiums	1,165,755	-	_		1,165,755
	1,165,755	 -	411,345	-	 1,577,100
Committed:					
Employee Pension	-	-	641,898	-	641,898
Technology Equipment	-	-	2,012,573	-	2,012,573
Vehicle Replacements	-	-	175,422	-	175,422
Component District Investment	_	 -		2,877,306	2,877,306
	-	 -	2,829,893	2,877,306	5,707,199
Assigned:					
Component District Collaboration	1,770,115	-	689,672	3,029,240	5,489,027
Capital Projects and Improvements	-	1,722,510	-	-	1,722,510
Future Unemployment Costs	_	 -		903,170	903,170
	1,770,115	1,722,510	689,672	3,932,410	8,114,707
<u>Unassigned</u>	4,994,075				 4,994,075
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	\$ 7,930,205	\$ 1,722,510	\$ 3,930,910	\$ 6,809,716	\$ 20,393,341

## 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District is involved in various claims and legal matters relating to its operations which have all been tendered to, and are either being adjusted by the District's liability carrier, or are being defended by attorneys retained by the District's liability carrier. The District does not believe that any of these matters will have a material impact on its June 30, 2020 financial statements.

A substantial portion of operating funding is received from the State of Oregon. State funding is determined through state wide revenue projections that are paid to individual school districts based on pupil counts and other factors in the state school fund revenue formula. Since these projections and pupil counts fluctuate they can cause the District to either have increases or decreases in revenue. Due to these future uncertainties at the state level, the future effect on operations cannot be determined.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused disruption through mandated and voluntary closure of government and business activities. These developments are expected to impact District revenues. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration. Therefore, the District expects this matter to negatively impact it's operating results. However, the related financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

#### 14. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Changes in governmental compensated absences are as follows:

									An	nount Due
									W	ithin one
	Jun	e 30, 2019	Δ	Additions	Ι	Deletions	June	30, 2020		year
Vacation Payable	\$	246,431	\$	306,267	\$	(289,444)	\$	263,254	\$	263,254

## 15. TAX ABATEMENTS (GASB 77)

As of June 30, 2020, the District provides tax abatements through the following programs:

## Enterprise Zone (ORS 285C.175)

Oregon Enterprise Zone program is a State of Oregon economic development program that allows for property tax exemptions for up to five years. In exchange for receiving a property tax exemption, participating firms are required to meet the program requirements set by state statute and the local sponsor.

The Enterprise Zone program allows industrial firms that will be making a substantial new capital investment a waiver of 100% of the amount of real property taxes attributable to the new investment for a 5-year period after completion. Land or existing machinery or equipment is not tax exempt; therefore, there is no loss of current property tax levies to local taxing jurisdiction.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District abated property taxes totaling \$54,054 (\$50,583 and \$3,471 from Linn and Benton Counties respectively) under this program.

#### Construction in Process in Enterprise Zone (ORS 285C.170)

For property under construction where there is no reason to conclude that the property will not satisfy any applicable requirements for the property to be exempt under ORS 285C.175 upon being placed in service, the property may be exempt for no more than two tax years, which must be consecutive.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District abated property taxes totaling \$4,399 in Linn County under this program.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 15. TAX ABATEMENTS (GASB 77) (CONTINUED)

Housing Authority Property (ORS 307.515 – 307.523)

Property or a portion of the property is exempt from taxation if it is held for the purpose of developing low-income rental housing.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District abated property taxes totaling \$25,638 in Benton County under this program.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

# SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Year Ended June 30,	(a) Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (NPL)	prop of t	(b) Employer's cortionate share the net pension ability (NPL)	(c) covered payroll	(b/c) NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2020	0.16 %	\$	27,573,140	\$ 12,754,012	216.2 %	80.2 %
2019	0.16		24,657,958	11,842,619	208.2	82.1 %
2018	0.16		21,744,300	11,613,259	187.2	83.1
2017	0.18		27,291,643	11,184,071	244.0	80.5
2016	0.20		11,533,368	10,487,930	110.0	91.9
2015	0.21		(4,766,397)	9,894,037	(48.2)	103.6
2014	0.21		10,730,783	9,669,508	108.5	92.0

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

# **SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS**

Year Ended June 30,	Statutorily required contribution	rel statu	ntributions in lation to the torily required ontribution	_	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Employer's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2020	\$ 4,032,928	\$	4,032,928	\$	-	\$ 13,225,228	30.5 %
2019	3,133,658		3,133,658		_	12,754,012	24.6
2018	2,978,654		2,978,654		_	11,842,619	25.2
2017	2,381,548		2,381,548		-	11,613,259	20.5
2016	2,276,386		2,276,386		-	11,184,071	21.7
2015	2,257,284		2,257,284		-	10,487,930	22.8
2014	2,143,685		2,143,685		=	9,894,037	22.2

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

## SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

				Difference			
		Difference		Between			
		Between		Projected and			
Year		Expected		Actual	Employer	Change in	Employer
Ended		and Actual	Changes in	Investment	Actual	Employer	Total
June 30,	Service Cost	Experience	Assumptions	Earnings	Contributions	Proportion	Expense
			·	·			·
2020	\$ _	\$ (30.414)	\$ (239)	\$ (14.236)	\$ (59.217)	\$ (982)	\$ 30.557

## SCHEDULE OF TOTAL OPEB AND RELATED RATIOS

		Net Change			Total OPEB	
	Total OPEB	in Total			Liability as a	
Year	Liability	OPEB	Total OPEB		Percentage of	
Ended	Beginning	Liability	Liability (Asset	Covered	Covered	Discount
June 30,	(Asset)	(Asset)	Ending	Payroll	Payroll	Rate
2020	\$ (131,580)	\$ (99,053)	\$ (230,633)	\$ 12,754,012	-1.81%	7.20%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020		2019	2018
Total Other Post Employment Benefits Liability, Beginning	\$ 577,307	\$	474,540	\$ 498,000
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost	52,992		23,891	23,423
Interest	20,979		16,873	16,690
Changes in Benefit Terms	-		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-		(5,628)	-
Changes in assumptions or other input	-		121,885	-
Employer Contributions	-		-	-
Benefit Payments	 (61,786)		(54,254)	 (63,573)
Net changes for the year	 12,185		102,767	(23,460)
Total Other Post Employment Benefits Liability - Ending	\$ 589,492	\$	577,307	\$ 474,540
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Contributions - Employer	61,786		54,254	63,573
Contributions - Employee	-		· -	-
Net Investment Income	-		-	_
Benefit Payments	 (61,786)		(54,254)	 (63,573)
Net changes for the year	 			 
Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	 			 
Net Liability for Other Post Employment Benefits - End of Year	\$ 589,492	_\$	577,307	\$ 474,540
Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the total Single Employer Pension Liability	0%		0%	0%
Covered Payroll	\$15,505,028		\$14,089,899	\$11,007,772
Net Single Employer Pension Plan as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	3.80%		4.10%	4.31%

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>GENERA</u>	AL FUND			
	 ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:					
Revenue from Local Sources:					
Taxes	\$ 7,694,622	7,694,622	\$ 8,025,388	\$	330,766
Earnings from Investments	320,000	320,000	434,422		114,422
Charges for Services	1,850,000	1,850,000	1,733,632		(116,368)
Other Local Sources	 25,000	25,000	 38,608	_	13,608
Total Local Revenue	9,889,622	9,889,622	10,232,050		342,428
Revenue from State Sources:					
School Support Fund	9,525,933	9,525,933	9,048,107		(477,826)
Other State Sources	 120,000	120,000	 42,882	_	(77,118)
Total State Revenue	 9,645,933	9,645,933	 9,090,989		(554,944)

\$

19,535,555

\$

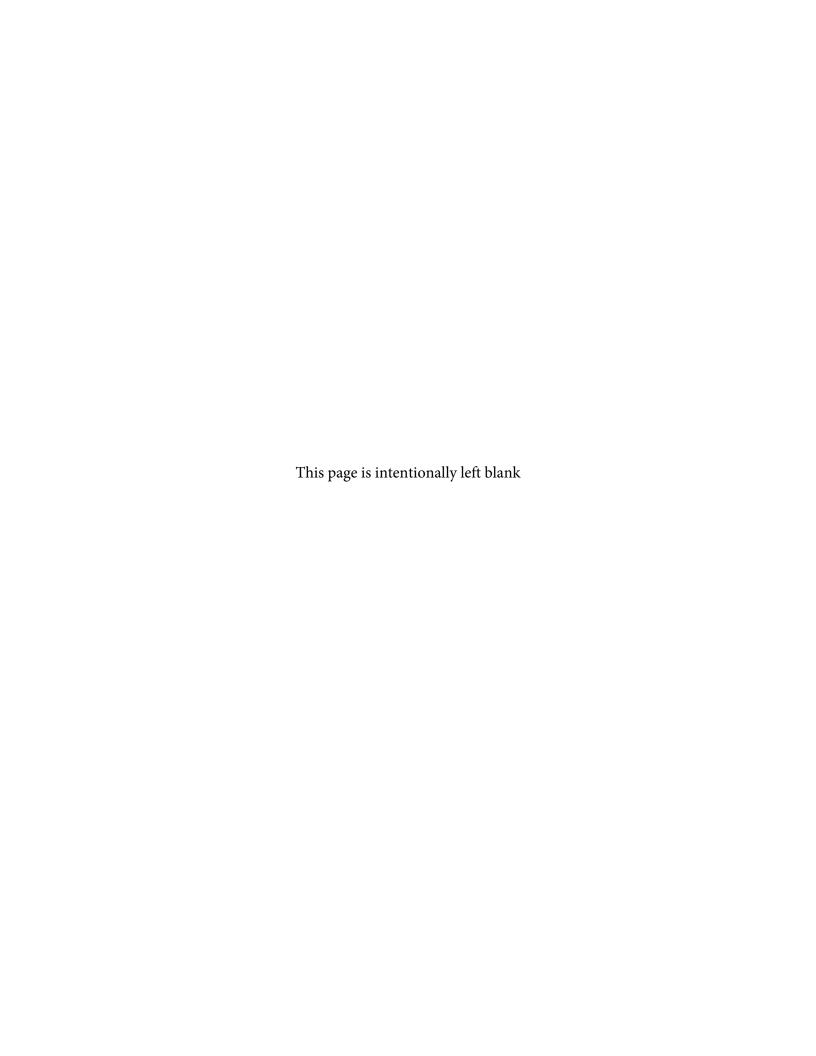
19,323,039

\$

(212,516)

19,535,555

Total Revenue



# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

# GENERAL FUND

	C	ORIGINAL BUDGET	 FINAL BUDGET	S	ALARIES	MPLOYEE BENEFITS
INSTRUCTION:			_			
Special Programs: 1250 Less Restricted - Students w/ Disabilities	\$	230,906	\$ 233,406	\$	125,045	\$ 78,099
Total Instruction		230,906	233,406 (1)		125,045	78,099
SUPPORT SERVICES: Instructional Staff Support 2110 Attendance and Social Work 2140 Psychological Services 2160 Other Student Treatment Services 2210 Improvement of Instructional Services 2220 Educational Media Services 2240 Educational Staff Development					96,473 1,929,195 987,532 91,041 179,678	65,642 1,136,591 557,579 54,855 111,261
Central Activities Support Services: 2310 Board of Education Services 2320 Executive Administration Services 2640 Human Resources 2660 Technology Services					574,265 268,821 1,466,677	347,157 179,307 892,278
Business Support Services: 2510 Direction of Business Support Services 2520 Fiscal Services 2540 Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services 2570 Internal Services					134,852 251,633 155,360 17,917	86,018 168,988 104,232 13,914
Total Support Services		14,420,287	14,417,787 (1)		6,153,444	3,717,822
6110 Contingency		1,500,000	 1,500,000 (1)			
Total Expenditures	\$	16,151,193	\$ 16,151,193	\$	6,278,489	\$ 3,795,921
Excess of Revenues over, (under) Expenditures		3,384,362	3,384,362			
Other Financing Sources, (uses): 5200 Transfers Out 5300 Apportionment of Funds by ESD 5300 Sale of or Compensation for Loss of Fixed Assets		(6,434,362) (1,300,000)	(6,434,362) (1) (1,300,000) (1)			
Total other Financing Sources, (uses)		(7,734,362)	 (7,734,362)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,350,000)	(4,350,000)			
Beginning Fund Balance		6,500,000	 6,500,000			
Ending Fund Balance	\$	2,150,000	\$ 2,150,000			

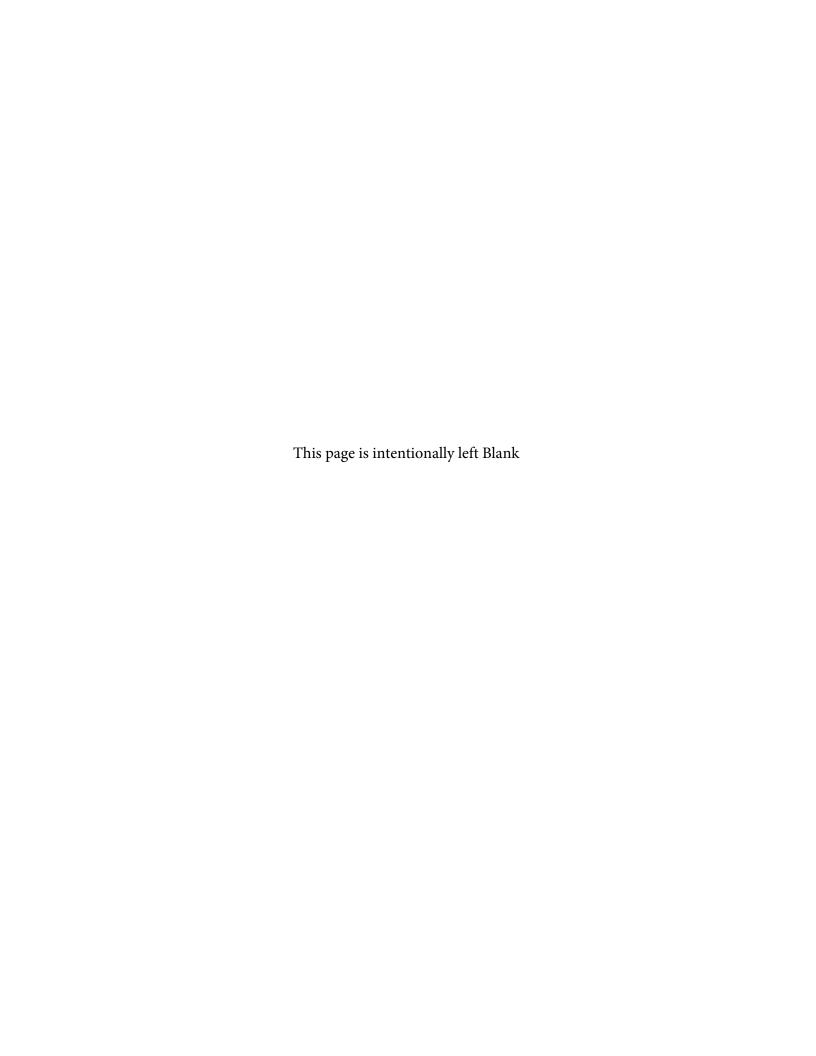
PURCHASED SERVICES	O SUPPLIES & CAPITAL MATERIALS OUTLAY			OTHER BJECTS	TOTAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
\$ 16,098	\$	1,500	\$		\$ 12,371	\$ 233,113	\$	293
 16,098		1,500			 12,371	 233,113		293
5,825 74,726 220,783 10,556 818 3,900		217 62,198 5,987 18,020 4,006 527		- - - - -	9,424 179,637 99,305 9,777 9,277 248	177,581 3,382,347 1,871,186 184,249 305,040 4,675		
16,277 45,480 27,034 277,687		3,427 14,915 23,479 803,170		12,068	28,474 4,158 1,515 189,398	48,178 985,975 500,156 3,641,278		
24,970 27,341 173,595 945		4,942 65,579 44,420 406		- - - -	 430 123,034 4,044 1,871	 251,212 636,575 481,651 35,053		
909,937		1,051,293		12,068	660,592	12,505,156		1,912,631
 						 		1,500,000
\$ 926,035	\$	1,052,793	\$	12,068	\$ 672,963	\$ 12,738,269	\$	3,412,924
						 6,584,770		3,200,408
						(5,452,785) (1,299,999) 82,431		981,577 1 82,431
						(6,670,353)		1,064,009
						(85,583)		4,264,417
						 8,015,788		1,515,788
						\$ 7,930,205	\$	5,780,205

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

# RESTRICTED REVENUE FUND

REVENUES:	_	ORIGINAL BUDGET	_	FINAL BUDGET	_	ACTUAL	 VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
From Local Sources:							
Services to other Local Education Agencies	\$	227,951	\$	227,951	\$	143,529	\$ (84,422)
Other Miscellaneous		450,000		450,000		3,536,819	 3,086,819
Total from Local Sources		677,951		677,951		3,680,348	 3,002,397
From Intermediate Sources:							
Restricted Revenue		87,455		87,455		69,633	(17 922)
From State Sources:		67,433		07,433		09,033	 (17,822)
Restricted Revenue		10,097,105		10,097,105		10,120,178	23,073
Resultited Revenue	-	10,007,100		10,077,103		10,120,170	 23,073
From Federal Sources							
Restricted Revenue Paid through State		7,800,220		7,800,220		2,853,698	(4,946,522)
Total Revenues	\$	18,662,731	\$	18,662,731	\$	16,723,857	\$ (1,938,874)



#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT BUDGETARY BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

\*

# RESTRICTED REVENUE FUND

	_	ORIGINAL BUDGET	_	FINAL BUDGET	_:	SALARIES	_	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS
INSTRUCTION: 1220 Special Program for Disabled Students 1260 Early Intervention 1280 Alternate Education	\$		\$		\$	700,291 2,514,286 982,878	\$	417,852 1,659,629 639,711
Total Instruction		9,033,900		9,033,900 (	1)	4,197,455		2,717,192
SUPPORT SERVICES:  2110 Attendance and Social Work Services 2120 Guidance Services 2130 Health Services 2150 Speech Pathology & Audiology Services 2160 Other Student Treatment Services 2190 Student Support Services 2210 Instructional Services 2240 Instructional Staff Development 2410 Office of the Principal 2540 Operation and Maintenance 2640 Staff Services 2660 Technology Services 2700 Supplemental Retirement Program	_					117,021 164,174 163,433 15,587 321,935 - 70,712 13,810 105,186 28,976		65,142 111,628 108,359 11,821 200,700 - 41,319 9,208 62,509 19,686
Total Support Services		5,367,064		5,367,064 (	1)	1,000,834	_	664,854
6110 Contingency		386,466		386,466 (	1)		_	-
Total Expenditures	\$	14,787,430	\$	14,787,430	\$	5,198,289	\$	3,382,046
Excess of Revenues over, (under) Expenditures		3,875,301		3,875,301				
Other Financing Sources, (uses): 5200 Transfers In 5200 Transfers Out 5300 Apportionment of Funds by ESD Total Other Funding Sources (uses)	<b>-</b>	921,417 (621,417) (7,075,945) (6,775,945)	_	921,417 (621,417) ( (7,075,945) ( (6,775,945)				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,900,644)		(2,900,644)				
Beginning Fund Balance		3,438,944	_	3,438,944				
Ending Fund Balance	\$	538,300	\$	538,300				

PURCHASED SERVICES	JPPLIES & ATERIALS	CAPITAL DUTLAY	 OTHER		TOTAL		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
\$ 45,929 484,977 93,956	\$ 7,118 74,412 12,104	\$ - - -	105,515 426,124 155,578	\$	1,276,705 5,159,428 1,884,227	\$	
624,862	 93,634	 	 687,217	-	8,320,360	_	713,540
13,375 31,234 142,207 2,627 17,008 3,517 154,483 3,823 8,729 167,164 29	914 1,673 129 70,042 2,918 12 507 683 967 7,459 4,821	139,243	15,349 67,147 26,736 9,007 48,994 318 14,883 2,477 17,273 20,096		211,801 375,856 440,864 109,084 591,555 3,847 281,904 30,001 194,664 243,381 4,850 151,775 34,482	_	2,693,000
544,196	90,125	139,243			2,674,064	_	386,466
\$ 1,169,058	\$ 183,759	\$ 139,243	\$ 922,029	\$	10,994,424 5,729,433	\$	3,793,006
					300,000 - (6,087,740) (5,787,740)	-	1,854,132 (621,417) 621,417 988,205
					(58,307)		2,842,337
				<u> </u>	3,989,217	\$	550,273 3,392,610

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		SPECIAL SER	<u> VICI</u>	E FUND				
	_	ORIGINAL BUDGET	_	FINAL BUDGET	_	ACTUAL	_	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:								
From Local Sources:								
Contributions	\$	67,500	\$	67,500	\$	9,665	\$	(57,835)
Services to other Funds within District		3,087,058		3,087,058		2,927,705		(159,353)
Services to other Local Education Agencies		724,279		724,279		602,987		(121,292)
Medicaid Revenue		60,000		60,000		51,580		(8,420)
Other Miscellaneous		88,309		88,309		400,000	_	311,691
Total from Local Sources		4,027,146		4,027,146		3,991,937		(35,209)

4,027,146 \$

500

3,992,437

4,027,146

500

(34,709)

From State Sources

From Federal Sources: Restricted Revenue

**Total Revenues** 



# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

# SPECIAL SERVICE FUND

	-	ORIGINAL BUDGET	_	FINAL BUDGET	-		SALARIES		MPLOYEE SENEFITS
INSTRUCTION: 1260 Early Intervention	ď		¢.			Φ	156	ø	4.4
Total Instruction Services	<u>\$</u>	307,837	\$	307,837	(1)	Ъ	156 156	\$	44 44
SUPPORT SERVICES:  2110 Attendance and Social Work Services 2120 Guidance Services 2130 Nurse Services 2140 Psychological 2150 Speech Pathology Services 2160 Other Student Treatment Services 2190 Student Support Services 2210 Instructional Services 2220 Multimedia Services 2320 Executive Administration 2520 Business Services 2570 Purchasing 2610 Central Support Services 2640 Staff Services 2660 Technology Services							723,680 61,755 20,738 343,618 384,390 237,047 30,800 155,631 - 162,364 278,722		452,593 38,177 10,030 186,951 217,180 122,745 8,342 95,953 - 62,324 175,926 - 489,731
Total Support Services		10,603,142		10,603,142	(1)		3,206,283		1,859,952
6110 Contingency		3,445,562		3,445,562	(1)				
Total Expenditures	\$	14,356,541	\$_	14,356,541		\$	3,206,439	\$	1,859,996
Excess of Revenues over, (under) Expenditures		(10,329,395)		(10,329,395)					
Other Financing Sources, (uses): 5200 Transfers In 5200 Transfers Out		5,898,638 (114,276)		5,898,638 (114,276)	.(1)				
Total Other Funding Sources, (uses)		5,784,362		5,784,362	-				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,545,033)		(4,545,033)					
Beginning Fund Balance		4,545,033		4,545,033	-				
Ending Fund Balance		<u>-</u>	\$		=				

\$ 5,845         \$ 345         \$ -         \$ 358         \$ 6,748         \$ 301,089           57,226         6,638         -         70,351         1,310,488         1,285         174         -         5,948         107,339         72,738         -         -         1,781         105,287         8,606         15,363         -         31,081         585,619         149,337         790         -         42,125         793,822         36,364         3,264         -         22,752         422,172         42,125         793,822         36,364         3,264         -         22,752         422,172         42,125         793,822         36,364         3,264         -         22,752         422,172         42,125         793,822         35,578         3,155         4,320         -         14,519         273,578         3,155         4,320         -         14,519         273,578         3,155         1,740         32,818         1,165,290         109,622         -         13,925         1,513,525         1,7810         -         7,810         -         7,810         -         7,810         -         7,810         -         7,810         -         7,810         -         -         6,84         2,232,683	_	PURCHASED SERVICES	JPPLIES & ATERIALS	ITAL LAY	 OTHER	_	TOTAL	/ARIANCE BUDGET POSITIVE NEGATIVE)
57,226         6,638         -         70,351         1,310,488           1,285         174         -         5,948         107,339           72,738         -         -         1,781         105,287           8,606         15,363         -         31,081         585,619           149,337         790         -         42,125         793,822           36,364         3,264         -         22,752         422,172           -         109         -         2,194         41,445           3,155         4,320         -         14,519         273,578           -         31,078         -         1,740         32,818           1,165,290         109,622         -         13,925         1,513,525           18,484         47,617         -         30,226         550,975           17,146         1,913         -         1,791         20,850           -         7,810         -         -         7,810           -         684         -         -         684           220,523         596,443         -         118,448         2,232,683           1,750,154         825,825         -	\$		\$	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 358	\$		\$
1,285       174       -       5,948       107,339         72,738       -       -       1,781       105,287         8,606       15,363       -       31,081       585,619         149,337       790       -       42,125       793,822         36,364       3,264       -       22,752       422,172         -       109       -       2,194       41,445         3,155       4,320       -       14,519       273,578         -       31,078       -       1,740       32,818         1,165,290       109,622       -       13,925       1,513,525         18,484       47,617       -       30,226       550,975         17,146       1,913       -       1,791       20,850         -       7,810       -       -       7,810         -       684       -       -       684         220,523       596,443       -       118,448       2,232,683         1,750,154       825,825       -       356,881       7,999,095       2,604,047         -       -       -       -       -       3,445,562         \$       1,755,999	_	5,845	345		358	_	6,748	 301,089
1,285       174       -       5,948       107,339         72,738       -       -       1,781       105,287         8,606       15,363       -       31,081       585,619         149,337       790       -       42,125       793,822         36,364       3,264       -       22,752       422,172         -       109       -       2,194       41,445         3,155       4,320       -       14,519       273,578         -       31,078       -       1,740       32,818         1,165,290       109,622       -       13,925       1,513,525         18,484       47,617       -       30,226       550,975         17,146       1,913       -       1,791       20,850         -       7,810       -       -       7,810         -       684       -       -       684         220,523       596,443       -       118,448       2,232,683         1,750,154       825,825       -       356,881       7,999,095       2,604,047         -       -       -       -       -       3,445,562         \$       1,755,999		55.006	6.620		<b>5</b> 0.251		1 210 400	
72,738         -         1,781         105,287           8,606         15,363         -         31,081         585,619           149,337         790         -         42,125         793,822           36,364         3,264         -         22,752         422,172           -         109         -         2,194         41,445           3,155         4,320         -         14,519         273,578           -         31,078         -         1,740         32,818           1,165,290         109,622         -         13,925         1,513,525           18,484         47,617         -         30,226         550,975           17,146         1,913         -         1,791         20,850           -         7,810         -         -         7,810           -         684         -         -         684           220,523         596,443         -         118,448         2,232,683           1,750,154         825,825         -         356,881         7,999,095         2,604,047           -         -         -         -         -         -         3,445,562           \$				-				
8,606       15,363       -       31,081       585,619         149,337       790       -       42,125       793,822         36,364       3,264       -       22,752       422,172         -       109       -       2,194       41,445         3,155       4,320       -       14,519       273,578         -       31,078       -       1,740       32,818         1,165,290       109,622       -       13,925       1,513,525         18,484       47,617       -       30,226       550,975         17,146       1,913       -       1,791       20,850         -       7,810       -       -       7,810         -       684       -       -       684         220,523       596,443       -       118,448       2,232,683         1,750,154       825,825       -       356,881       7,999,095       2,604,047         -       -       -       -       -       3,445,562         \$       1,755,999       \$ 826,170       \$       -       \$ 357,239       \$ 8,005,843       \$ 6,350,698         4,722,515       (1,1061,847)       -       - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				-				
149,337       790       -       42,125       793,822         36,364       3,264       -       22,752       422,172         -       109       -       2,194       41,445         3,155       4,320       -       14,519       273,578         -       31,078       -       17,40       32,818         1,165,290       109,622       -       13,925       1,513,525         18,484       47,617       -       30,226       550,975         17,146       1,913       -       1,791       20,850         -       7,810       -       -       7,810         -       684       -       -       684         220,523       596,443       -       118,448       2,232,683         1,750,154       825,825       -       356,881       7,999,095       2,604,047         -       -       -       -       -       3,445,562         \$       1,755,999       \$ 826,170       \$       -       \$ 357,239       \$ 8,005,843       \$ 6,350,698         4,722,515       (1,176,123)       -       114,276       4,722,515       (1,061,847)         709,109       5,254,142 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				-				
36,364       3,264       -       22,752       422,172         -       109       -       2,194       41,445         3,155       4,320       -       14,519       273,578         -       31,078       -       1,740       32,818         1,165,290       109,622       -       13,925       1,513,525         18,484       47,617       -       30,226       550,975         17,146       1,913       -       1,791       20,850         -       7,810       -       -       7,810         -       684       -       -       7,810         -       684       -       -       664         220,523       596,443       -       118,448       2,232,683         1,750,154       825,825       -       356,881       7,999,095       2,604,047         -       -       -       -       -       3,445,562         \$       1,755,999       \$ 826,170       \$       -       \$ 357,239       \$ 8,005,843       \$ 6,350,698         4,722,515       (1,061,847)         709,109       5,254,142         6,100,607       1,555,574				-				
109				-				
3,155       4,320       -       14,519       273,578         -       31,078       -       1,740       32,818         1,165,290       109,622       -       13,925       1,513,525         18,484       47,617       -       30,226       550,975         17,146       1,913       -       1,791       20,850         -       7,810       -       -       7,810         -       684       -       -       684         220,523       596,443       -       118,448       2,232,683         1,750,154       825,825       -       356,881       7,999,095       2,604,047         -       -       -       -       -       3,445,562         \$ 1,755,999       \$ 826,170       \$       -       \$ 357,239       \$ 8,005,843       \$ 6,350,698         \$ 4,722,515       (4,013,406)       6,315,989         4,722,515       (1,061,847)         709,109       5,254,142         6,100,607       1,555,574				-				
1,165,290				-				
1,165,290       109,622       -       13,925       1,513,525         18,484       47,617       -       30,226       550,975         17,146       1,913       -       1,791       20,850         -       7,810       -       -       7,810         -       684       -       -       684         220,523       596,443       -       118,448       2,232,683         1,750,154       825,825       -       356,881       7,999,095       2,604,047         -       -       -       -       -       3,445,562         \$       1,755,999       \$ 826,170       \$       -       \$ 357,239       \$ 8,005,843       \$ 6,350,698         4,722,515       (4,013,406)       6,315,989         4,722,515       (1,061,847)         709,109       5,254,142         6,100,607       1,555,574		3,133		-				
18,484       47,617       -       30,226       550,975         17,146       1,913       -       1,791       20,850         -       7,810       -       -       7,810         -       684       -       -       684         220,523       596,443       -       118,448       2,232,683         1,750,154       825,825       -       356,881       7,999,095       2,604,047         -       -       -       -       -       -       3,445,562         \$       1,755,999       \$ 826,170       \$       -       \$ 357,239       \$ 8,005,843       \$ 6,350,698         4,722,515       (4,013,406)       6,315,989         4,722,515       (1,176,123)       -       114,276         4,722,515       (1,061,847)       709,109       5,254,142         6,100,607       1,555,574		1 165 200		-				
17,146       1,913       -       1,791       20,850         -       7,810       -       -       7,810         -       684       -       -       684         220,523       596,443       -       118,448       2,232,683         1,750,154       825,825       -       356,881       7,999,095       2,604,047         -       -       -       -       -       -       3,445,562         \$       1,755,999       \$ 826,170       \$       -       \$ 357,239       \$ 8,005,843       \$ 6,350,698         4,722,515       (4,013,406)       6,315,989         4,722,515       (1,176,123)       -       114,276         4,722,515       (1,061,847)       709,109       5,254,142         6,100,607       1,555,574				-				
-       7,810       -       -       7,810       -       684       -       684       -       684       -       684       -       118,448       2,232,683       -       118,448       2,232,683       -       2,604,047       -       -       356,881       7,999,095       2,604,047       -       -       3,445,562       -       3,445,562       -       -       -       -       -       3,445,562       -       -       3,445,562       -       -       -       -       -       -       3,445,562       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       3,445,562       -				-				
- 684 220,523 596,443 - 118,448 2,232,683  1,750,154 825,825 - 356,881 7,999,095 2,604,047  3,445,562 \$ 1,755,999 \$ 826,170 \$ - \$ 357,239 \$ 8,005,843 \$ 6,350,698  (4,013,406) 6,315,989  4,722,515 (1,176,123) - 114,276  4,722,515 (1,061,847)  709,109 5,254,142 6,100,607 1,555,574				-	1,/91			
220,523       596,443       -       118,448       2,232,683         1,750,154       825,825       -       356,881       7,999,095       2,604,047         -       -       -       -       -       -       3,445,562         \$ 1,755,999       \$ 826,170       \$       -       \$ 357,239       \$ 8,005,843       \$ 6,350,698         (4,013,406)       6,315,989         4,722,515       (1,176,123)       114,276         4,722,515       (1,061,847)         709,109       5,254,142         6,100,607       1,555,574				-	-			
1,750,154       825,825       -       356,881       7,999,095       2,604,047         -       -       -       -       -       3,445,562         \$ 1,755,999       \$ 826,170       \$       -       \$ 357,239       \$ 8,005,843       \$ 6,350,698         4,722,515       (1,176,123)       -       114,276         4,722,515       (1,061,847)         709,109       5,254,142         6,100,607       1,555,574				_	118 448			
-       -       -       -       3,445,562         \$ 1,755,999       \$ 826,170       \$ -       \$ 357,239       \$ 8,005,843       \$ 6,350,698         4,013,406)       6,315,989         4,722,515       (1,176,123)       114,276         4,722,515       (1,061,847)         709,109       5,254,142         6,100,607       1,555,574		220,323	 370,443	 	 110,440		2,232,003	 
\$ 1,755,999 \$ 826,170 \$ - \$ 357,239 \$ 8,005,843 \$ 6,350,698 (4,013,406) 6,315,989 4,722,515 (1,176,123) 114,276 4,722,515 (1,061,847) 709,109 5,254,142 6,100,607 1,555,574		1,750,154	 825,825	 	356,881		7,999,095	2,604,047
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			 <u>-</u>		 			 3,445,562
$ \begin{array}{c ccccc} 4,722,515 & (1,176,123) \\  & & 114,276 \\ \hline 4,722,515 & (1,061,847) \\ \hline 709,109 & 5,254,142 \\ 6,100,607 & 1,555,574 \end{array} $	\$	1,755,999	\$ 826,170	\$ 	\$ 357,239	\$	8,005,843	\$ 6,350,698
-     114,276       4,722,515     (1,061,847)       709,109     5,254,142       6,100,607     1,555,574							(4,013,406)	6,315,989
-     114,276       4,722,515     (1,061,847)       709,109     5,254,142       6,100,607     1,555,574							4,722,515	(1,176,123)
709,109 5,254,142 6,100,607 1,555,574							<u> </u>	
6,100,607 1,555,574							4,722,515	(1,061,847)
<del></del>							709,109	5,254,142
\$ 6,809,716 \$ 6,809,716							6,100,607	1,555,574
						\$	6,809,716	\$ 6,809,716

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	CAPI	ITAL PROJECTS		
REVENUES:	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Local Source Revenues	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 12,019	\$ (7,981)
Total Revenues	20,000	20,000	12,019	(7,981)
EXPENDITURES: Building Acquisition and Construction	n:			
Purchased Services	250,000	250,000	37,852	212,148
Supplies and Materials	75,000	75,000	86,466	(11,466)
Capital Outlay	495,000	495,000	159,210	335,790
Total Building Acquisition				
and Construction	820,000	820,000	(1) 283,528	536,472
Contingency	950,000	950,000	(1)	950,000
Total Expenditures	1,770,000	1,770,000	283,528	1,486,472
Other Financing Sources, (uses)				
5200 Transfers In	350,000	350,000	430,270	(80,270)
Total other Financing Sources	350,000	350,000	430,270	80,270
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,400,000)	(1,400,000)	158,761	1,558,761
Beginning Fund Balance	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,563,749	163,749
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 1,722,510	\$ 1,722,510

<sup>(1)</sup> Appropriation Level

AUDITORS' REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS



# Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards.

## Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- State school fund factors and calculation.

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

#### OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the internal controls over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Kenneth Allen, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

**GRANT COMPLIANCE REVIEW** 

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year ended June 30, 2020

<u>'rogram Title</u>	Pass Through Organization	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Number	Period Covered	Expenditures	Passed Through to Subreciepients
J.S. Department of Education						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies LTCT-FHS/WR/OMC	ODE	84.013	12309	07/01/19-06/30/21	\$ 72,536	(
Total Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies					72,536	(
Special Education Cluster						
Special Education Grants to States - Extended Assess.	ODE	84.027	54698	07/01/19-09/30/20	3,846	•
Special Education Grants to States-EI/ECSE	ODE	84.027	11113 A5	07/01/17-06/30/21	708,417	195,97
Special Education Grants to States-LTCT	ODE	84.027	12309	07/01/19-06/30/21	40,806	(
Special Education Grants to States - Audiology	ODE	84.027	11044 A3	07/01/17-06/30/21	109,187	106
Special Education Grants to States - Regional Program	ODE	84.027	11044 A3	07/01/17-06/30/21	1,362,447	388,869
Special Education Grants to States-TBI	ODE	84.027	11044 A3	07/01/17-06/30/21	18,981	18-
Total of Special Education Grants to States, CFDA 84.027					2,243,684	585,135
Special Education Cluster Cont.						
Special Education Preschool Grants - EI/ECSE	ODE	84.173	11113 A5	07/01/17-06/30/21	141,405	37,942
Special Education Preschool Grants - LICC	ODE	84.173	52553	07/01/18-06/30/19	0.00	
Special Education Preschool Grants - PBIS	ODE	84.173	54142	08/01/19-09/30/20	15,000.00	
Special Education Preschool Grants - CPS	ODE	84.173	54141	08/01/19-09/30/20	15,000.00	(
Total of Special Education Preschool Grants, CFDA 84.173					171,405	37,942
Special Education-Grants for Infants & Families - EI/ECSE	ODE	84.181	11113 A5	07/01/17-06/30/21	284,927	62,655
Special Education-Grants for Infants & Families - LICC Special Education-Grants for Infants & Families - LICC	ODE ODE	84.181 84.181	52553 54981	07/01/18-06/30/19 07/01/19-06/30/20	0 1,500	( 592
Total of Special EducationGrants for Infants and Families, C	FDA 84.181				286,427	63,246
Total Special Education Cluster					2,701,516	686,324
Rehabilitation Services/Voc Rehab Grants to States - TNF	ODE	84.126	10201 A-7	07/01/13-06/30/21	5,374	(
Total of Rehabilitaton Services/Vocational Rehabilitation Gran	nts to States, CFI	OA # 84.126			5,374	(
Total U.S. Department of Education					2,779,426	686,324
tate of OregonDepartment of Human Services, Vocational Rehabilit Rehabilitation Services/Voc Rehab Grants to States - YTP	ation State of Oregon	84.126A	160727 A1	07/01/19-06/30/21	74,272	(
Total State of Oregon					74,272	(
Total Grants Expended and Passed Through	to Subrecipien	ts			2,853,698	686,324
	Federal Grant E	xpenditures	Above		2,853,698	
	TOTAL FEDE	RAL FINA	NCIAL ASSISTAN	NCE	\$ 2,853,698	



October 29, 2020

To the Board of Directors Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District

# Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2020.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kenneth Allen, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

October 29, 2020

To the Board of Directors
Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District

# Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

# **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of compliance.

# **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Linn Benton Lincoln Education Service District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

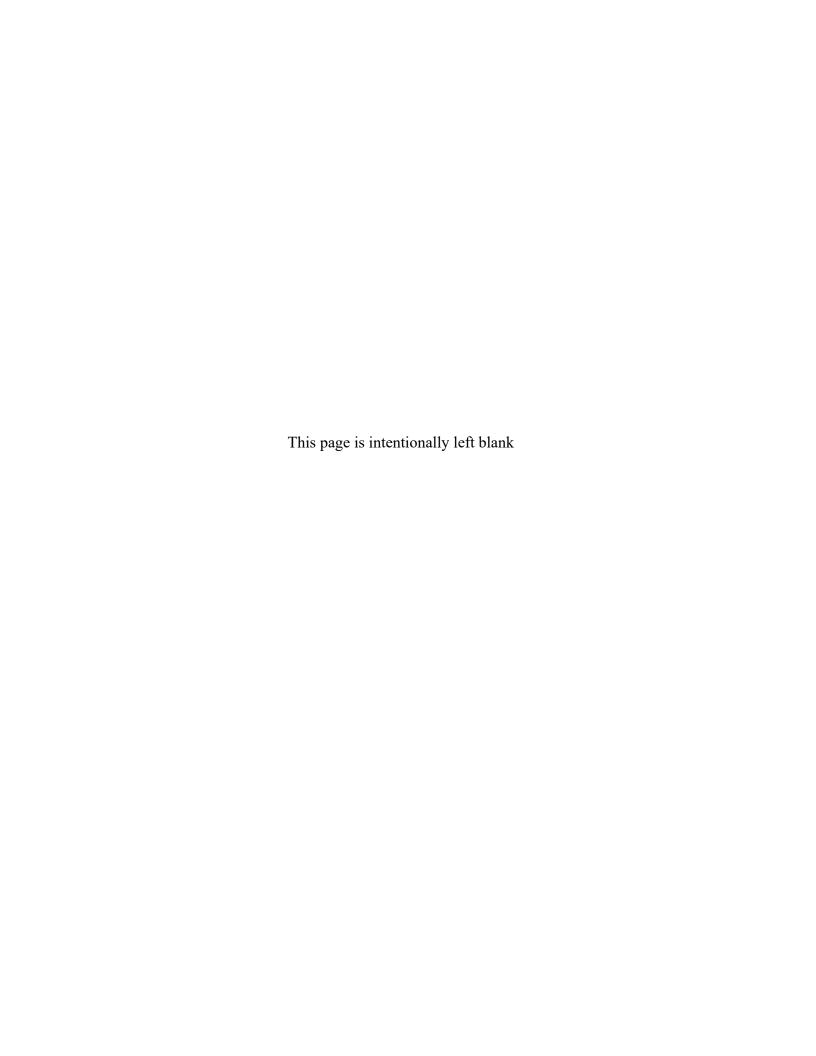
A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kenneth Allen, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.



# LINN-BENTON-LINCOLN EDUCATION SERVICE DISTRICT

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS RELATIVE TO FEDERAL AWARDS AND NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS									
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS									
Type of auditors' report issued  Unmodified									
Internal control over financial reporting:									
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	No no							
Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	□ none reported							
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	⊠ no							
Any GAGAS audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	yes	⊠ no							
FEDERAL AWARDS									
Internal control over major programs:									
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	⊠ no							
Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	□ none reported							
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified								
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?									
IDENTIFICATION OF MAJOR PROGRAMS									
CFDA NUMBER 84.027, 84.173  NAME OF FEDERAL PROGRAM CLUSTER Special Education Cluster (IDEA)									
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000									

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

#### LINN-BENTON-LINCOLN EDUCATION SERVICE DISTRICT

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS RELATIVE TO FEDERAL AWARDS AND NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

## SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None

## SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONS COSTS:

None

## NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### 1. Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes federal grant activity under programs of the federal government. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations, it is not intended to and does not present the net position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the entity.

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The entity has not elected to use the ten percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance, due to the fact that it already has a negotiated indirect cost rate with Oregon Department of Education, and thus is not allowed to use the de minimus rate.

# LINN-BENTON-LINCOLN EDUCATION SERVICE DISTRICT

# SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION As Required by The Oregon Department of Education For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

A.	Energy bills for heating -	- all funds:			Objects	325 and 326
				Function 2540 Function 2550	\$ \$	91,633
B.	Replacement of equipme Include all General Fund Exclude these functions:	expenditures in Object 542, excep	ot for the following	g exclusions:		Amount
	1113, 1122 & 1132 1140 1300 1400	Co-curricular activities Pre-kindergarten Continuing education Summer school	4150 2550 3100 3300	Construction Pupil transportation Food service Community services	\$	-

